Application No.: 09/955,933 Attorney Docket No. 2786-0191P Art Unit 1651

## IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for lowering a risk factor in a patient <u>suffering from said risk factor</u>, comprising

administering to said patient an effective amount of a licorice extract which is water-insoluble and free from glycyrrhizinic acid, thereby lowering said risk factor, wherein said risk factor is selected from the group consisting of blood pressure, blood glucose concentration, LDL (low-density lipoprotein) susceptibility to retention, LDL susceptibility to aggregation, blood total cholesterol and LDL levels, and blood triglycerides and VLDL (very low-density lipoprotein) concentration.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said risk factor is selected from the group consisting of blood pressure, blood glucose concentration, serum LDL susceptibility to aggregation and serum LDL susceptibility to retention.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said risk factor is selected from the group consisting of blood pressure and glucose concentration.

- 4. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said risk factor is selected from the group consisting of LDL susceptibility to aggregation and LDL susceptibility to retention.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said risk factor is blood glucose concentration.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method for treating inflammation in a patient <u>suffering from inflammation</u>, comprising

administering to said patient an effective amount of a licorice extract which is water-insoluble and free from glycyrrhizinic acid, thereby treating said inflammation.

7. (Currently Amended) A method for simultaneously lowering at least two risk factors in a patient, comprising

administering to said patient in need of lowering said at least two risk factors an effective amount of a licorice extract which is water-insoluble and free from glycyrrhizinic acid, thereby lowering said at least two risk factors; wherein each of said at least two risk factors is selected from the group consisting of blood pressure, blood glucose concentration, LDL

Application No.: 09/955,933 Attorney Docket No. 2786-0191P Art Unit 1651

(low-density lipoprotein) susceptibility to retention, LDL susceptibility to aggregation, blood total cholesterol and LDL levels, and blood triglycerides and VLDL (very low-density lipoprotein) concentration.

8. (Currently Amended) A method for treating a patient suffering from high blood triglycerides and high LDL (low-density lipoprotein) levels without decreasing the HDL (high density lipoprotein) level of said patient, comprising

administering to said patient <u>suffering from high blood</u> triglycerides and high <u>LDL</u> levels an effective amount of a licorice extract which is water-insoluble and free from glycyrrhizinic acid, thereby treating the high blood triglycerides and high <u>LDL</u> levels without decreasing the <u>HDL</u> level of said patient.

9. (Currently Amended) A method for treating a patient suffering from a condition, comprising:

administering to said patient an effective amount of a licorice extract which is water-insoluble and free from glycyrrhizinic acid, thereby treating said condition, wherein said condition is selected from the group consisting of aterosclerotic diseases, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, chronic renal

failure, carotid artery stenosis, coronary heart diseases, hypercholesterolemia, and hypertriglyceridemia.

10. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing a patient from suffering from a condition, said patient being in high risk to suffer from said condition, comprising:

administering to said patient an effective amount of a licorice extract which is water-insoluble and free from glycyrrhizinic acid, thereby preventing said patient from suffering from said condition, wherein said condition is selected from the group consisting of aterosclerotic disease, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, chronic renal failure, carotid artery stenosis, coronary heart diseases, hypercholesterolemia, and hypertriglyceridemia.

- 11. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said licorice extract is an ethanolic extract.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 6, wherein said licorice extract is an ethanolic extract.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7, wherein said licorice extract is an ethanolic extract.

- 14. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 8, wherein said licorice extract is an ethanolic extract.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 9, wherein said licorice extract is an ethanolic extract.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein said licorice extract is an ethanolic extract.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said licorice extract dissolves in ethanol.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 6, wherein said licorice extract dissolves in ethanol.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7, wherein said licorice extract dissolves in ethanol.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 8, wherein said licorice extract dissolves in ethanol.

Art Unit 1651

Application No.: 09/955,933 Attorney Docket No. 2786-0191P

21. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 9, wherein said licorice extract dissolves in ethanol.

22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein said licorice extract dissolves in ethanol.